

# The Daily Gazetteer.

THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1745.

Breslau, May 19.

HE French Minister, M. de Valori, arrived here on the 15th from Berlin, and immediately continued his Journey to the Royal Camp, in the Neighbourhood of Neiss, in order to execute a Commission of great Importance, from the King his Master; but those who do not pin their Faith

in French Sleeves, think the true Reason of his coming is to gain the best Intelligence he could, as to a Treaty that has been for some Time talked of; and which we know no other Foundation, than the Infantry of the Troops on both Sides; and that seems, in fact, to have been owing to the Inclemency of the Weather, more than to any pacific Disposition on either Side. We still continue our Skirmishes with the Infantry, which has the good Effect, that it teaches our own Troops the Practice and Discipline of

war, May 20. There passed by here Yesterday,

on flat bottomed Boats, 15 Pieces of fine Cannon, which the Austrians took from the French in the Neighbourhood of Gunzbourg, in Swabia, when fled to precipitate out of Bavaria; though they did now persuade the World that they had made a Retreat. This Morning we have received Advice,

the Stomachs of the Hessians are come down; and they have declared, at all Events, they will never

serve against the Queen of Hungary; which have removed all Obstacles to the Motion of Field Marshal's Army, it begins to march as this Day in Columns. The first will proceed from Neubourg yesterday; on the 24th they will arrive at Obernheim; on the 25th at Dierwangen, on the 27th Eichbach, on the 28th at Scherzberg, and on the 30th in the Neighbourhood of Mergentheim, in Franckfort, where the Army will re-assemble, in order to march directly to Franckfort.

May 21. The Troops which the French had

left here are marched out, and, it is said, will

soon be replaced by a Regiment of Dragoons. Ye-

ster-day Hujes, laden with Hay and Oats, fell down

here; but they have since remounted the River, they intended to go to Spire, in order to unlade

Orge and Provisions which they took in here; and

are from thence not a little apprehensive, that the

French intend to return into these Quarters. They have

left at Spire the greatest Magazine that was ever

known in these Parts. The French Troops that

are in the Neighbourhood of Heidelberg are now

lodging at Ladenbourg, and are fortifying the Bridge

there over the Neckar. Some People here

suspect they have certain Intelligence, the Prince

has received Orders to detach as many Troops

as can spare to join Mr. de Segur, and to march the

rest into the Low Countries; which, however,

is not universally credited; the rather,

some Officers of Distinction, that were come

to recover their Health, are set out all of a sudden

for the Army; which looks as if an Action would

soon be taken. One Thing is certain, that, before the

end of the Month, all these Difficulties will be cleared up.

May 22. We know not what to think of

the Situation Things are in at Tournay, because the

News we have received from thence differ extremely,

and they have done ever since the French broke

before the Place. All this we know with certainty, that notwithstanding the Reports of the French

are contrary, the Garrison actually consisted at first of

The Citadel is a stronger Place than the Town, has always held out for a greater Space of Time;

we are told that the French insist upon a Capitulation, both at once, and that they refuse to admit the

Town to any other. The Camp of the

French continues where it did, and the Army receives

Day fresh Reinforcements. The Prince of Wal-

bräu caused several Officers, belonging to the Corps

commanded, to be arrested, on account of their not

discharging their Duty so well as was expected from them.

Engagement of the 15th. This he is said to have

in Obedience to an express Order from the States

General, directing his Highness to reward every Man's

Duty, after a strict Enquiry, according to the Rules

of the Laws.

May 23. There are so many Stories fly about

the Arrival of the Two Officers from Tournay,

that it is not easy to distinguish which of them is worth crediting: Some will have it, that the Pockets of certain Engineers have been filled with Pistoles, and attribute to this the blowing up of our Magazine; others conjecture, that if there be any thing in this Surprise, the Magazine was blown up to give some Colour to a Capitulation, which they would have us believe these Officers brought with them for the Approbation of the States. But these are the Whispers only of the Discontented; neither is there the least Certainty, that any such Capitulation was brought; on the contrary, it is believed, that the Governor enter'd into some Kind of Treaty, in order to gain Time; and we flatter ourselves, that by the next Post, we shall learn that he has put the Place into a Condition of making a vigorous Defence. At least, this is what we wish to hear, for the Spirits of the People are in great Fermentation; and it is thought, that if a good Defence be not made, all the Officers concern'd in giving up the Place, will be subjected to a very severe Enquiry.

## COUNTRY NEWS.

Newcastle, May 18. His Majesty's Ship the Faulkon, the Hon. John Birmingham, of 6 nine Pounders, 32 six Pounders, and about 70 Men, fell in last Tuesday, off Flamborough-head, with a French Privateer of 18 nine Pounders, 6 six Pounders, and about 200 Men: The Faulkon fought her several Glasses; but Night coming on, they both lay to, and in the Morning renewed the Engagement, when the Privateer, having lost a great many Men, thought proper to sheer off. The Fox Man of War, of 20 Guns, soon after falling in with the Faulkon, and being inform'd of what had happened, immediately gave Chase to the Privateer, who had not got out of Sight; so that we expect shortly to hear a good Account of her. The Faulkon would have chased the Privateer, but that her Mainmast was shot through by a nine Pounder, and the Captain having his Leg shot off above the Knee with another nine Pounder, and one Man losing his Arm, they durst not proceed, least they shou'd carry away their Mainmast. None of his Crew (who all behaved well) were killed, and only two wounded.

## HOME PORTS.

Newcastle, May 18. Arrived the Britannia, Richardson, from Ostend; the Coaster, Shadforth, from Rotterdam; the Constant Jane, Ramsay, and the Friends Goodwill, Cuthbert, from London. Also several laden, and 73 light Coasters.

Liverpool, May 19. Arrived the Admiral of Bourdeaux, from Martinico, being Prize to the Old Noll and Blake Privateers.

Cowes, May 18. Wind W. Sailed the Prince George Privateer, Capt. Talbot, for Spithead; and the Bonetta, Turner, for Middleburg.

Southampton, May 20. Wind. S. W. Arrived the Elizabeth, Messervy, from Jersey.

Dover, May 21. Wind W. and blows hard. This Morning a Man of War Snow pa'd this Road for the River, with several Coasters, and among them, the Greyhound, Pearson, from Carolina; the Providence, Morgan, and the —, Richard Pike, from Exon.

Deal, May 21. Wind W. Arrived his Majesty's Sloop the Hawk, from the Westward; and remains with his Majesty's Ships the Duke and Fowey, the Prince, Frederick, Dragon, and Sandwich Privateers, and the Outward-bound as per last; with the Diamond, Gorley, for L'ghorn; the Little Crown, Braine, for Southampton; and several Coasters. Arrived the William and Mary, Thomas, the Two Brothers, Wellden, and the Success, Peirce, all from Newcastle.

Gravesend, May 21. Passed by the London Packet, Ternon, from Montserrat; and the Carteret, Friend, from Maryland.

Arrived.

At Carolina, the William, Webber, from Jamaica.

## LONDON.

According to private Letters from Franckfort, the Austrian Army, under the Command of Field-Marshal Count Traun, making very long Marches towards that City, the French have, on a sudden, abandon'd all their Posts on the Mayn, except Hochst; and that they are likewise preparing to quit that as soon as they can withdraw their Artillery and Baggage.

We learn from Leipnick, that the Duke de Saxe Weissenfels set out on the 21st for the Army; and that the new Convention, between the Courts of Dresden and Vienna, has been ratified and exchanged; by which his Polish Majesty is said to have engaged his Vote for the

Grand Duke of Tuscany at the ensuing Election, and has guaranteed the Treaty between her Hungarian Majesty and the Elector of Bavaria.

All the Engineers, together with the Artillery and Ammunition that has been left at Namur, received Orders, the 24th of May, to join the Army of the Allies, from whence it is conjectured, that we shall speedily hear of their undertaking some Enterprize of Importance; the rather, because all the Officers that were at Brussels, have been commanded to join their respective Corps immediately.

The Sunderland, —, from Lancaster for Barbados, was taken the 18th of April by a French Privateer belonging to Desp. of 12 Carriage Guns, 16 Swivels, and 114 Men, call'd the Reynard, Capt. Anthony Frigoly; who next Day took the Vernon, Brown, from Glasgow to Virginia; and the Day after that, took the James, Hyth, from Liverpool, who ransomed his Ship, and came Hostage himself. The two First, with the Privateer, arrived at Brest the 27th of April, O. S.

The — Louis, a French Privateer of 14 Carriage Guns, Three Pounders, 16 Swivels, and 149 Men (the same that engaged the Falcon Sloop of War the 16th Instant) is taken by his Majesty's Ships the Doyer, Captain Collins, and the Gibraltar, Capt. Beaver, and brought into Yarmouth.

The Phenix and Trial Privateers have taken, and carried into Kinsale, two French Ships from Bourdeaux for Martinico.

The Love of Bideford, Webber, for Newfoundland, was taken 60 Leagues to the Westward of Cape Clare, by a Spanish Privateer of great Force, and retaken three Days after by the Old Noll and Tybris Privateers, who sent her into Plymouth, and are gone in Pursuit of the Spanish Privateer.

Yesterday Morning died, after a few Days Illness, at his House at the Parliament Stairs, Westminster, Mr. Dixon, an eminent Coal Merchant.

The same Day the Election ended at Westminster School (which lasted four Days) when the Eight Senior Scholars were declared; viz. Four for Oxford, and Four for Cambridge.

At the same Time Eleven of the Scholars belonging to the said School were admitted on the Foundation, as King's Scholars. After which, a grand Entertainment was given to the Doctors that came from each University, according to Custom.

On Tuesday in the Afternoon a Fire broke out at a Chocolate Makers in St. Martin's Lane, but by timely Assistance it was soon extinguish'd.

Yesterday the Court of Directors of the India Company chose Mr. William May, and Mr. John Swiffin, to be Supercargos of the Onflow, Capt. Congreve, Outward bound for the East Indies.

The same Day died Mrs. Mary Ogier, Sister to Mr. Ogier, an eminent Merchant in Spital Square.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London-Bridge.	5	4
		36

Bank Stock, 146 1-half to 1-4th. India, 186. South Sea, Nothing done. Old Annuity, 110 5-8ths to 3-4ths. New ditto, 110 7-8ths to 111. Three per Cent. 93 1-half. Ditto 1743, 93 1-4th to 1-8th. Ditto 1744, 93 1-4th to 1-8th. Ditto 1745, 91 3-8ths. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, 84 1-half. London Assurance, 11. India Bonds, 11. 15s. to 16s. Bank Circulation, 4. 17 s. 6d. Salt Tares, Nothing done. Ditto 1745, 2 Discount. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, Nothing done. Three per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Annuities for Lives, 15 Years, 1-8th. the Purchase. Million Bank, 114. Equivalent, 110. Tickets, 11 1. 5. 6d.

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Admiralty-Office, May 17, 1745.  
Vice-Admiral Stewart being directed forthwith to hold a Court Martial at Spithead, for inquiring into the Cause of the Loss of his Majesty's late Ship the *Augusta*; the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty do hereby direct, that all Persons who were on board the said Ship when she was taken, and are now in England, do repair immediately to Portsmouth, to attend at the said Court Martial, as they will answer the contrary at their Peril.

Thomas Corbett.

East-India House, May 22, 1745.  
THE Courts of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England Trading to the East Indies, do hereby give Notice, That a Quarterly General Court of the said Company will be held at their House in Leadenhall-street, on Wednesday the 19th of June next, at Eleven in the Forenoon. That their Transfer Books will be shut up on Thursday the 20th of said June, at Two o'Clock, and open'd again on Thursday the 18th of July next. And that the Dividend Warrants due at Midsummer next, will be ready to be deliver'd out, and paid on Friday the 26th of said July.

Stamp-Office, Lincoln's-Inn, May 17, 1745.  
Whereas by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, entitled (amongst other Things) An Act for giving further Time for the Payment of the Duties omitted to be paid for the Indentures or Contracts of Clerks and Apprentices; and for the further enforcing the Payment of the said Duties: It is enacted, That on Payment of the said Duties (which have been so omitted to be paid) on or before the First Day of August next; and upon tendering to be stampt such Indentures and Contracts at the same Time, or at any Time before the 29th of September next, that the said Indentures and Contracts shall be good, and the Clerks, Apprentices, or Servants, shall be capable of exercising their Trades or Employments as fully, as if the said Duties had been paid within the Times limited by Two several Acts of Parliament of the 8th and 9th Years of Queen Anne.

And for the better enforcing the Payment of the said Duties, it is enacted, That after the 24th of June next, if any Master or Mifref, shall neglect to pay the said Duties within the Times limited by the said Acts, they shall, for every such Neglect, forfeit and pay double the Duties charged and directed to be paid by the said former Acts (over and above all Penalties and Forfeitures thereby inflicted) for all Monies which shall, after the said 24th of June, be given, paid, contracted, or agreed for with, or in relation to every such Clerk, &c. to be paid by the said Masters and Mifrefes. And if they shall neglect to pay the said Duties charged by the said former Acts, within the Times therein limited, and any such Clerk, Apprentice, or Servant, shall, in that Case, pay the said Duties, and the Penalties incurred by this Act, within One Year after the same shall become charg'd and made payable thereby (such Master or Mifref not having then paid the same, altho' required so to do) that then it should be lawful for the Clerk, Apprentice, or Servant, within Three Months after such Payment, to demand of the Master or Mifref, their Executors or Administrators, the Money paid to them in respect of such Clerkship, Apprenticeship, or Servitude. And in case the Money shall not be paid within Three Months after such Demand made, it shall be lawful for the Clerk, Apprentice, or Servant, to sue for the same against the Master or Mifref, their Executors or Administrators; and after the Payment of the said Duties, Penalties, and Forfeitures, the Clerk, Apprentice, or Servant, shall be discharged from their Clerkship, Apprenticeship, and Service, and from all Actions and Damages for not serving their Time; and shall have the Advantage of the Time they shall have served such Master or Mifref, as they might have done, in case of any Assignment or Turning over to any new Master or Mifref.

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